

# Introduction to Chinese

Understand the difficulties of learning another language and master a Chinese introduction speech.

Teacher: 宜 时珍/宜 時珍 (Yí, Shízhēn)

Assistant Teacher: Flipi Poggenpoel

### **Tones**

#### Pitch Contours of Mandarin Tones



There are four tones in Modern Standard Chinese. The first tone is a <u>high-level tone</u>; its tone mark is "ā". The second tone is a <u>rising tone</u>; its tone mark is "á". The third tone is a <u>falling then rising tone</u>; its tone mark is "à". The fourth tone is a <u>falling tone</u>; its tone mark is "à". The fifth tone has no mark.

#### Example:

1	2	3	4	5
妈/媽	麻	马/馬	骂/罵	吗/嗎
mā	má	mă	mà	ma
mother	hemp	horse	scold	question particle

#### Practice:

<u>Characters</u> Simplified/Traditional	<u>Pīnyīn</u>	<u>Translation</u>
你好	Ní hǎo!	Hello!
谢谢/謝謝	Xièxie.	Thank you.
再见/再見	Zàijiàn!	Good bye!
70/77/10	Hăojiŭbujiàn.	Long time no see.
好久不见/好久不見	maojiubujian.	Long time no see.

## Vocabulary

Part of Speech	Characters Simplified/Traditional	<u>Pīnyīn</u>	<u>Translation</u>
greeting	你好!		Hello!
pronoun	我		I/ me
verb	미니		to be called
verb	是		to be
noun	人	*	person
number	_		one
counter	个/個		general classifier for people/objects
adjective	高中		high school
noun	老师/老師		teacher
verb	认识/認識	*	to recognize
pronoun	你		you
adverb	很		very
adjective	高兴/高興		pleased/ happy

<sup>\*</sup>Remember the tone difference between 人 (rén) and 认识 (rènshi).

## Introduction Speech

#### **Simplified**

你好!

我叫宜时珍. 我是美国人. 我是一个高中老师.

认识你很高兴.

#### **Traditional**

你好!

我叫宜 時珍. 我是美國人. 我是一個高中 老師.

認識你很高興.

#### <u>Pīnyīn</u>

Ní hǎo!

Wŏ jiào Yí Shízhēn. Wŏ shì Měiguó rén. Wŏ shì yī gè gāozhōng lăoshī.

Rènshi nĭ hén gāoxing.

#### **Translation**

Hello!

My name is Shízhen Yí. I'm American. I'm a high school teacher.

Pleased to meet you. (Literal translation: To recognize you, I'm very pleased to do.)

## <u>Practice</u>

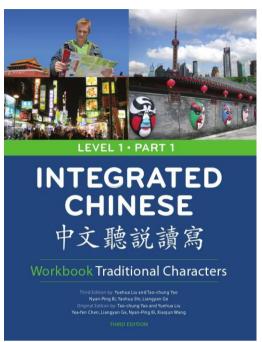
你好!			Ní hǎo!				
我叫				Wŏ ji	ào		·
我是		人		Wŏ s	hì		rén.
我是一个/	個		_•	Wŏ s	hì yī gè	è	·
认识你很高	5兴/認識你很	高興.		Rèns	hi nĭ h	én gāox	cing.
			Country List				
英国/英國	Yīngguó	Britain;	England	墨西哥	Mòx	xīgē	Mexico
加拿大	Jiā'nádà	Canada		南非	Nán	nfēi	South Africa
法国/法國	Făguó	France		新加坡	Xīn	jiāpō	Singapore
印度	Yìndù	India		韩国/卓	韦國 Hán	nguó	South Korea
		7	一里達及托巴哥	Qiānlĭda	ájí Tuōbā	āgē Trin	idad and Tobago
牙买加/牙買加	Yámăijiā	Jamaica	ı	美国/美	美國 Měiş	guó	U.S.A.
日本	Rìběn	Japan		越南	Yuèn	án	Vietnam
爱尔兰/愛爾蘭	Ài'ĕrlán	Ireland					
			Occupation				
小学老师/小學	老師		xiăoxué lăoshī		element	tary schoo	ol teacher
中学老师/中	學老師		zhōngxué lăoshī		junior h	nigh schoo	ol teacher
国际关系协调员	6/ 國際關係協調	<b></b> 員	guójìguānxìxiétiá	ioyuán	CIR		
地区管理员/地	區管理員		dìqūguănlĭyuán		PA		
独角兽/獨角獸			dújiǎoshòu		unicorn		

### Japanese Surnames in Chinese

<u>Characters</u> Simplified/Traditional	<u>Pīnyīn</u>	<u>Translation</u>	Characters Pinyi Simplified/Traditional		Translation
本	bēn	measure word for books	柰	nài	crabapple
滨/濱	bīn	shore, coast	内	nèi	inside
长/長	cháng	long	片	piān	measure word for flat objects
池	chí	pond	浦	рй	river mouth
اال	chuān	river	崎	qí	mountainous
串	chuàn	string together	青	qīng	green or blue
村	cūn	village	桥/橋	qiáo	bridge
岛/島	dăo	island	桑	sāng	mulberry tree
福	fú	good fortune	森	sēn	forest
富	fù	wealthy	Ш	shān	mountain
冈/岡	gāng	ridge	上	shàng	top
葛	gé	hemp cloth	石	shí	stone
官/宮	gōng	temple, palace	松/鬆	sõng	pine
菅	guăn	manage	太	tài	too much
国/國	guó	country	田	tián	field
谷	gŭ	valley	樋	tŏng	tree name
合	gĕ	measure word for grain	尾	wěi	horse tail
戸/戸/户	hù	door	武	wŭ	military
吉	jí	lucky	下	xià	below
井	jĭng	well	小	xiǎo	small
口	kŏu	mouth	岩	yán	cliff
椋	líang	aphananthe (plant)	野	yě	field
落	luò	settlement	永	yŏng	forever
末	mò	end	早	zăo	morning
木	mù	tree	志/誌	zhì	aspiration

#### Sources

All materials used in today's lesson have been modified from the following textbook:



Level 1 Part 1 Integrated Chinese Textbook Simplified Characters

Pages 1, 8, 19-22, 27-28, 122-125

Link:

http://www.clarkchargers.org/ourpages/auto/2014/9/8/5043 6811/Integrated\_Chinese\_S\_Level1\_P1\_1\_.pdf

#### Presenter Biographies:



Hannah Martin was adopted in China when she was four months old and raised in Chicago, IL. She doubled majored in Arts Administration and Chinese Language and Culture.

In 2015, Hannah had the honor of participating in the Fulbright-Hays Group Project Abroad in Xi'an, China. She and her colleague researched how gender roles and losing face affected suicide in China.

Hannah is now an ALT in Kawatana, Nagasaki.



Hailing from a small town known for wine and drunk students, Flipi is a man who still cries at the end of Last Samurai [Perfect blossoms!! :'()] and then lies and says he played video games that night. Through the luck of the draw he got to set off from his South African roots and worked in China, Singapore and Indonesia; before finally setting foot on Japanese soil with something more substantial than a 2 week tourist visa. He loves traveling, meeting new people and telling others about those two loves.